

## From Initial Intention, Confidence to Determination

### -- The Evolution of Building a Well-off Society in an All-round Way

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#### Abstract

"A well-off society" is a good state of life that the Chinese nation has pursued since ancient times. The theory of socialism with Chinese characteristics, as an action guide for building a well-off society in an all-round way, provides the possibility for this beautiful pursuit. Since the reform and opening up, Deng Xiaoping has endowed the "well-off society" with new content of "Chinese-style modernization", which embodies the original intention of the Communist Party of China to explore a well-off life; the 15th to 17th National Congress of the Communist Party of China has pushed the ideal of "well-off" to "all-round construction. The strategic goal of "a well-off society" has strengthened the CPC's confidence in a well-off society in an all-round way; since the 18th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, the goal of "building a well-off society in all respects" has been locked in and strengthened the CPC's determination to build a well-off society in all respects.

#### Keywords

Theoretical confidence; Well-off society; Evolution history.

#### 1. Introduction

The strategic goal of building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way is a theoretical expansion and practical framework related to the happy lives of the people and the prosperity of the country. As the first century-old goal of the party and the country, it is a key stage in the realization of the socialist modernization strategy, and a key step in the realization of the Chinese dream of the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation. The strategic goal is mature in theory and completed in practice. The vitality of the theory of socialism with Chinese characteristics. Since the founding of the People's Republic of my country, several generations of the central leadership of our country have been exploring the "well-off" society and on the road to socialist modernization. They have gone from a "well-off society" to "a well-off society in general", "building a well-off society in an all-round way," and Now it has reached the historic leap of "building a well-off society in all respects". From the initial aspiration to the establishment of confidence and the final determination, the millennium ideal will soon become a reality, marking the great victory of the theory of socialism with Chinese characteristics. Building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way, as a grand social and historical process in China, requires an understanding and recognition based on the national conditions, the essential requirements of socialism, and the overall development of people. But more importantly, it transcends the true grasp and application of value demands, ideological emancipation, and practical movements. So that the people can truly appreciate the great brilliance of the social theory with Chinese characteristics behind the country's prosperity and the people's strength.

## 2. The Original Intention of Building a Well-off Society in an All-round Way: The Proposal and Practice of Deng Xiaoping's Thought of a Well-off Society

Since 1978, the construction of socialism with Chinese characteristics has embarked on a new journey of modernization. Deng Xiaoping creatively put forward the concept of "well-off society", a socialist modernization concept with Chinese characteristics, based on the experience and lessons of the previous generation of central leadership and foreign experience and lessons.

### (1) The connotation of Deng Xiaoping's thought of a well-off society

In the late 1970s, China was still in a situation of "one poor and two white". After conscientiously summarizing the experience and lessons of socialist construction in China since the founding of the country, Deng Xiaoping proposed to build a "Chinese-style modernization", that is, a "well-off society", which enriched the connotation of a well-off society and gave it a new era.

After the founding of New China, the goal of the Communist Party of China was to build a modern and powerful socialist country. The first-generation central leadership of the party with Mao Zedong at the core emphasized that the realization of the "four modernizations" is the goal of the people of all ethnic groups in the country, in order to finally realize the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation. On this basis, Deng Xiaoping's connotation of a well-off society has undergone changes in discourse expression, using expressions such as "well-off home", "well-off state", "well-off level", and "well-off country" to explain China's modernization goals at that time. In 1983, when Deng Xiaoping met with Japan's Nakasone Yasuhiro, he used the term "well-off society" to describe "Chinese-style modernization". He said: "The GDP per capita reaches 800 U.S. dollars by quadrupling it. China has established a well-off society. This well-off society is called Chinese-style modernization. Quadruple, well-off society, and Chinese-style modernization are our new concepts." [1] Finally, at the beginning of reform and opening up, Deng Xiaoping will realize socialist modernization and express people's pursuit and yearning for a better life. The combination of "well-off" combines the people's "little dream" with the "big dream" of the Chinese nation, and uses the concept of "well-off society" to position the strategic goal of China's socialist modernization.

### (2) Practice of Deng Xiaoping's thought of a well-off society

Deng Xiaoping is based on the present, takes a global view, adheres to seeking truth from facts, and always adopts a "step-wise" development strategy in the concept of a well-off society. He has gone from proposing a "well-off society" to constructively proposing a "two-step" strategy, until the formation of a cross-century strategy. "Three Steps" development strategic thinking.

After the first generation of the party's central leadership proposed the "four modernizations", Deng Xiaoping first reinterpreted the four modernizations with timely well-off thoughts, and deepened the "two-step" strategy proposed into the "three modernizations" that more adapted to the conditions of the world, the country and the people. "Step by step" strategy. Deng Xiaoping's concept of "well-off" initially focused on the modernization of the people's living conditions and emphasized people's livelihood, and said: "The so-called well-off society means that although it is not rich, life is easy." [2] Later, as the international situation changed with each passing day, Deng Xiaoping's continuous exploration of a "well-off society" turned the goal of a "well-off society" into an economic, social and material development goal. On this basis, the "three-step" strategy of economic construction was born, and the idea of a well-off society was further enriched and developed. In April 1987, Deng Xiaoping mentioned: "Our original goal was to double in the 1980s as the first step. Based on 1980, when the per capita GDP was only 250 The U.S. dollar doubles to 500 U.S. dollars. The second step is to double again by the end of

this century, to reach one thousand U.S. dollars per capita. Achieving this goal means that we enter a well-off society and turn a poor China into a well-off China. At that time, the gross national product exceeded US\$1 trillion. Although the per capita figure was still very low, the power of the country was greatly increased. The more important goal we set was the third step, which will take 30 to 50 years in the next century. Quadruple it again to roughly reach four thousand US dollars per capita. With this step, China will reach a moderately developed level. This is our ambition. The goal is not high, but it is not easy to do." [3] Immediately afterwards, at the Party's 13th National Congress held in 1987, Deng Xiaoping's "three-step" strategic thinking was confirmed, and the conference formally established the "three-step" strategic deployment for economic construction. Deng Xiaoping's "three-step" development strategy goal not only sets the economic goals for productivity development, but also plans the value goals for socialist development. It not only reflects China's pursuit of comprehensive economic, political, and cultural development, but also reflects current social development. Balance. From gradually increasing the country's overall productivity development to the pursuit of increasing the national per capita GDP, from satisfying the people's food and clothing to pursuing an overall well-off, the whole process has always adhered to a gradual strategic thinking, and the well-off thinking has been implemented and realized step by step.

### (3) The value of Deng Xiaoping's thought of a well-off society

Building a well-off society in an all-round way is a continuation of the history and era of Deng Xiaoping's thought on building a well-off society. As one of the important theories of Deng Xiaoping's thought, Deng Xiaoping's thought of a well-off society has greatly enriched the theoretical treasure house of socialism with Chinese characteristics and laid a solid theoretical and practical foundation for the theoretical construction of building a well-off society in an all-round way in the new century.

The formal proposal of the important strategic goal of the "three-step" is a perfect connection to "Chinese-style modernization" and an extension and expansion of the "two-step" strategy, giving the idea of building a well-off society a firmer stage. Implementation steps. Since Deng Xiaoping's "well-off" thought was put forward, it has been endowed with Chinese characteristics. The "well-off society" is a touchstone for testing the activities of a country's political parties and an important element for presenting international status. It not only reflects the characteristics of socialism, but also shows the level of national economic development. The establishment of the socialist system in China to the realization of socialist modernization still needs a long way to go. As Deng Xiaoping said, we must adhere to the party's basic line for a hundred years. Each stage of development cannot achieve an overnight effect, and each stage will be divided into several small stages and completed in steps and stages. For this reason, Deng Xiaoping's "three-step" strategy, the realization of a well-off society covers a historical stage from solving people's food and clothing to realizing modernization of the country, and this stage is an inevitable stage for China to realize the Chinese dream of people's well-being. As the chief designer of China's reform and opening, Deng Xiaoping's thought of well-off has unique connotations from its birth to development and its goal design for the future. It caters to China's national conditions and enriches the theory of socialism with Chinese characteristics. For this reason, Deng Xiaoping's rich theoretical interpretation of the "well-off society" is an effort to China's development and growth. The groundbreaking, forward-looking and feasibility of his theory has certain guiding significance for the development strategy and planning in the new era.

### **3. Confidence in Building a Well-off Society in an All-round Way: The Development of the Strategic Goal of Building a Well-off Society in an All-round Way from the 15th to the 17th National Congress of the Communist Party of China**

At the end of the 20th century, socialism with Chinese characteristics entered a new historical stage. Deng Xiaoping's thought of a well-off society continued to have a major impact. The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China continued to explore the road to building a well-off society in an all-round way. The theory has further established the confidence that socialism with Chinese characteristics will build a well-off society in an all-round way.

(1) The connotation of the strategic goal of building a well-off society in an all-round way from the 15th to the 17th National Congress

A new "three-step" strategy was proposed at the 15th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, the 16th National Congress of the Communist Party of China proposed "building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way", the 17th National Congress of the Communist Party of China again proposed new requirements for achieving the goal of building a well-off society in an all-round way, and the "12th Five-Year Plan" put forward for China. In the process of looking forward, the meaning of "well-off" has also undergone a transformation from "a well-off home" to "people's living standards have reached a well-off level in general" to "building a well-off society in an all-round way."

The new "three-step" development strategy is a product that breaks through the limitations of the "three-step" strategy era. It is based on basic judgments made at the time of China's development stage and internal and external conditions, and makes specific arrangements for the third step of socialist modernization. The arrangement puts forward "two hundred-year goals" so that the people's lives will generally reach a well-off level. The party has never stopped its pace in planning socialist construction in the new century. Therefore, the 16th National Congress of the Communist Party of China creatively proposed to "build a well-off society in an all-round way" on the basis of the early "well-off society". At this time, the "well-off society" has jumped from the level of people's livelihood to a higher level, covering economy, politics, culture, etc. Many specific areas. In addition, the 16th National Congress of the Communist Party of China also emphasized comprehensiveness while emphasizing "well-off". It is necessary to solve the problem of asynchrony in various development fields and make up for shortcomings in development. Since then, the "well-off" concept has entered a new pattern of comprehensive and three-dimensional modernization. Immediately afterwards, the Seventeenth National Congress of the Communist Party of China reached a new stage in its understanding of what a well-off society is and how to achieve it at a new historical starting point. In response to the new strategic deployment proposed by the 16th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, the Seventeenth National Congress of the Communist Party of China put forward new and higher requirements for building a well-off society in an all-round way, and continuously promoted the coordinated development of economic, political, cultural, and social aspects, and regarded "well-off society" as a measure of the country's prosperity, a major indicator of people's happiness. This new requirement makes the content of "comprehensive construction" more specific, and the blueprint for the future is clearer, with distinct characteristics and pertinence of the times.

(2) Practice of the strategic goal of building a well-off society in an all-round way from the 15th to the 17th National Congress

Following the Southern Conference in 1992 and the 14th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, great achievements have been made in reform and opening up and socialist modernization. The national economic strength and international strength have reached a new

level, and the Chinese people's living standards have reached a well-off level as a whole. For a long time, in the process of China's socialist modernization, we have always adhered to the overall strategic layout. In the continuous advancement of the "two-step" strategy and the "three-step" strategic goal, by 1997, the 15th National Congress of the Communist Party of China proposed a new "three-step" strategy. This new strategic goal is important for China's coming into the new century. Make a clear and confident outlook. At the beginning of the 20th century, the "Proposals of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China on Formulating the Tenth Five-Year Plan for National Economic and Social Development" passed by the Fifth Plenary Session of the 15th Central Committee of the Communist Party of my country stated that "from the beginning of the new century, our country will enter a well-off society in an all-round way and accelerate the progress. The new development stage of socialist modernization", [4] Confirmed the concept of "building a well-off society in an all-round way". In 2002, Jiang Zemin clearly stated the goal of "building a well-off society in an all-round way" in the report to the 16th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, and affirmed its correctness, achievability and operability. This goal was clearly demonstrated at this stage not only to reflect the cohesion with Deng Xiaoping's well-off thought, but also to be consistent with the development requirements of the new stage, conform to the socialist nature of my country's pursuit of common prosperity, and demonstrate the superiority of the theory of socialism with Chinese characteristics. Until 2007, at the report of the 17th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, Hu Jintao pointed out: "We have already taken solid steps towards the goal of building a well-off society in an all-round way established by the 16th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, and we must continue to work hard to ensure that by 2020 To achieve the goal of building a well-off society in all respects." [5] Since then, the embryonic form of the idea of "building a well-off society in an all-round way" came into being. By 2010, the Fifth Plenary Session of the Seventeenth Central Committee of the Party will further provide strategic guidance for China's future development. Through the "Twelfth Five-Year Plan", the expectations for China's economic development and people's material and cultural life have been further raised to 2002. Confidence to achieve the goal of building a well-off society in an all-round way.

(3) The value of the strategic goal of building a well-off society in an all-round way from the 15th to the 17th National Congress of the Communist Party of China

The period from the 15th to the 17th National Congress of the Communist Party of China opened up a new stage of building a well-off society in an all-round way and a new period of socialist modernization with Chinese characteristics. Practice has proved that the road to a "well-off society" in China is completely correct. Under the guidance of the socialist theory system with Chinese characteristics, the 15th to the 17th National Congress of the 15th to the 17th National Congress of the cross-century strategy on building a well-off society in an all-round way, the continuous increase in construction efforts has provided compliance for the next step of work deployment, and continuously promoted the comprehensive construction of a well-off society. Society develops in depth. As a result, socialism with Chinese characteristics has continuously opened new horizons and entered new realms.

At the end of the 20th century, my country has achieved an overall well-off level, but at this time it was still at a low level. The new "three-step" vision of the 15th National Congress of the Communist Party of China deepened Deng Xiaoping's "three-step" strategy, and undertook the grand strategy of realizing socialist modernization and the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation. It is China that is about to enter the new century from well-off to modernization and national rejuvenation. Critical step. From the beginning of the 21st century, my country has entered a new stage of building a well-off society in an all-round way. According to the report of the 16th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, China in the new century has entered the development stage of building a well-off society in an all-round way. The goal

strategy for building a well-off society in an all-round way, which was first proposed by the 16th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, is inseparable from my country's modernization drive. Building a well-off society in an all-round way is based on my country's economic development and achieving overall social progress. Therefore, its development determines the construction and development of my country's modernization and has become a stage in the process of my country's socialist construction. Facts have proved that building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way is becoming a new stage of development after the process of the primary stage of socialism relays food and clothing and reaches a well-off society. The Seventeenth National Congress of the Communist Party of China achieved major theoretical breakthroughs and formed a basic goal system for building a well-off society in an all-round way with deeper and more specific strategic goals. From this perspective, in this period, the comprehensive well-off society has changed from a single index to a comprehensive index. The theory of comprehensively building a well-off society has undergone a process from imperfection to gradual improvement, which has promoted the continuous improvement of the theory of socialism with Chinese characteristics.

#### **4. The Determination to Build a Moderately Prosperous Society in All Respects: The Decisive Deployment for the Strategic Goal of Building a Moderately Prosperous Society in all Respects Since the 18th National Congress**

Since the 18th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, China has entered a new era of socialism with Chinese characteristics, overcoming difficulties and obstacles. The strategic goal of an all-round well-off society has undergone a major transition from "building a well-off society in an all-round way" to "building a well-off society in an all-round way".

(1) The connotation of the strategic goal of building a well-off society in all respects since the 18th National Congress

Xi Jinping pointed out: "Accurately grasping the connotation of building a moderately prosperous society in all respects is essential to achieving the first centenary goal." [6] The idea of a "well-off society" originated from Deng Xiaoping's idea of "realizing socialist modernization", from the pursuit of people's food and clothing to the well-off society that has made progress in all respects. Therefore, with the continuous advancement of the modernization process, since the 18th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, the "well-off" society has more abundant connotations and more comprehensive goals.

Building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way is composed of three key words: "comprehensively", "building" and "comprehensively prosperous society". "Comprehensive" refers to the level of development, and "comprehensive" refers to the balance, coordination, and sustainability of development. At this stage the key to the goal is to "build." At present, our country is in and will be in the basic national conditions of the primary stage of socialism for a long time. It is required to continue to realize the essential requirements of socialism. The building of a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way is to continuously create conditions for achieving common prosperity. Therefore, building a well-off society in an all-round way as scheduled is a strategic goal that requires "full coverage of fields," "full coverage of population," and "full coverage of regions". In the area of coverage, it should not only stop at the economic and material level of the past, but should coordinate the promotion of all-round development in the fields of economy, politics, culture, society, and ecology; in terms of covering the population, building a well-off society in an all-round way is for all people to share reforms. The results of development, as General Secretary Xi Jinping pointed out during an inspection in Hainan in 2013: "The key to a well-off life is not a well-off life. The key lies in the villagers." Enjoy the principle. In the area covered, with the continuous advancement of the

reform and development process for more than 40 years, the problems of social injustice and the large gap between urban and rural areas still exist. The comprehensive construction of a well-off society is a well-off life that will benefit more than one billion people. We will not give up any region. Adhere to the balance and adequacy of development. Xi Jinping emphasized, "If we have achieved the goal in terms of total volume and speed by 2020, but the problems of unbalanced, uncoordinated, and unsustainable development become more serious, and the shortcomings become more prominent, it will not be regarded as truly achieving the goal." [7] This strategic goal is in line with China's 21st century's "Build China into a prosperous and strong, Democracy, civilization, harmony, and beautiful socialist modern power" position fits.

## (2) Practice of the strategic goal of building a well-off society in all respects since the 18th National Congress

Entering the second decade of the 21st century, my country's goal of building a moderately prosperous society in all respects has reached the decisive stage. From the report of the 18th National Congress of the Communist Party of China in 2012 to the "Decision" adopted by the Fourth Plenary Session of the 19th Central Committee of the Communist Party of China in 2019, the priority is to build a well-off society in an all-round way, and to continuously consolidate and develop the strategic goal of building a well-off society in an all-round way, and achieve 2002 Comprehensively build a well-off society as scheduled. [8] The report of the 18th National Congress of the Communist Party of China established the grand goal of building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way by 2020, consistent with the idea of building a well-off society in all respects at the 17th National Congress of the Communist Party of China. The combination of sexuality and operational planning and design outlines a grand blueprint for a better life in the future. In 2015, the Fifth Plenary Session of the Eighteenth Central Committee of the Party, based on the analysis of the current economic and social development characteristics, proposed to achieve the goal of building a well-off society in all respects as scheduled. The "Thirteenth Five-Year Plan" formulated by the conference reviewed the development of all aspects of my country's economy, especially focusing on the "shortcomings" of economic development, and once again made new strategic arrangements for building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way, and continuously promoted sustained and healthy economic development. Strategic deployment has become a decisive strategy for building a well-off society in all respects. In 2017, the report of the 19th National Congress of the Communist Party of China clearly put forward the great call of building a moderately prosperous society in all respects, closely following the main contradictions and changes in my country in the new era, continuously deepening the content of building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way, and resolutely prevent and resolve major risks, accurately eliminate poverty, and prevent pollution. The three major battles will continue to coordinate and promote the construction of the "five in one" to ensure that the decisive victory and the completion of a well-off society in an all-round way are perfectly concluded, and are recognized by the people and can stand the test of history. In 2019, the Fourth Plenary Session of the 19th Central Committee of the Communist Party of China convened to continuously adhere to and improve China's system construction, improve the modernization of China's governance capabilities, make all aspects of the system more mature and stereotyped, and provide more excellent institutional guarantees for building a well-off society in an all-round way. Among them, in resolutely winning the battle against poverty, the establishment of a long-term mechanism for solving relative poverty has accelerated the process of building a well-off society in an all-round way to win the key stage.

## (3) The value of the strategic goal of building a well-off society in all respects since the 18th National Congress

Theory is the product of practice, and thinking is the call of the times. "Building a well-off society in an all-round way" is the continuation of historical construction and systematic theoretical interpretation of the "well-off society". The promotion of the strategic goal of "building a moderately prosperous society in all respects" conforms to the trend of history and has contributed a unique force to promoting social development.

The proposal of building a well-off society in all respects is a gradual evolutionary process. Since the 18th National Congress of the Communist Party of China put forward the new goal of building a well-off society in an all-round way, China has once again embarked on a new journey of socialism with Chinese characteristics. This time, the start of the preparation is the solemn commitment of the Party Central Committee to the people and history. From the formation of Deng Xiaoping's thought of a well-off society to the proposal and implementation of the goal of building a well-off society in an all-round way, the Party Central Committee fought one after another, each time a new fortress was conquered, and each time there was a new strategic goal and strategic arrangement. It demonstrates the exploration process of the Chinese Communist Party in realizing socialist modernization across the centuries, ensuring that the intensity, intensity, and effectiveness of the practice of building a "well-off society" will not decrease. Therefore, the strategic goal of building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way, as our party's strategic judgment and strategic choice in the new era, provides a strategic foundation for achieving the goal of socialist modernization that my country has been pursuing, and is the key to the "two centenary" goals. One step is the prerequisite for the realization of the Chinese Dream. At the same time, building a well-off society in an all-round way is the logical starting point of the "four comprehensive" strategic goals and is in a leading position. It is the Chinese Communist Party's comprehensive implementation and vivid practice of the new development concept. Therefore, since the birth of the idea of "well-off society", under the background of the theory of socialism with Chinese characteristics, the strategy of "comprehensive well-off society" has been closely linked from theory to practice. Every step has been realized and developed, and the Chinese Communist Party's thoughts on governance of the country have been continued. Development has strengthened the decisive determination to build a well-off society in all respects. As General Secretary Xi Jinping emphasized: "I firmly believe that the goal of building a moderately prosperous society in all respects by the 100th anniversary of the founding of the Communist Party of China will surely be achieved, and the goal of building a prosperous, democratic, civilized, harmonious and modern socialist country by the 100th anniversary of the founding of the People's Republic of China. The dream of the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation will certainly be realized." [9]

#### (4) Epilogue

At present, our country is now in a new era of historic changes and historic achievements. New problems, new situations, and new contradictions have emerged. However, the basic national conditions that are and will remain in the primary stage of socialism have not changed. The essential pursuit of socialism is the realization of common prosperity has not changed, and the goal of socialism has always been the realization of human freedom and comprehensive development. Therefore, in the face of these "changes" and "unchanged", we still must do something new in decisively winning the building of a well-off society in an all-round way. The goal of building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way is a dynamic strategic goal, and its development concept must be able to keep up, achieve, and grasp the reality. Thinking determines the way out. With the changes in the values of the Party Central Committee, the concept of practice, and the continuous changes in rational thinking, "building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way" has different connotations and different strategic deployments from previous historical periods, and a well-off society is comprehensively built. The appropriation of these connotations is not a pure result of thinking, but a practical choice made within the framework of the theoretical system of socialism with Chinese characteristics.



Xi Jinping said: "Strategic issues are fundamental issues of a political party and a country. Strategically judged accurately, strategically planned scientifically, and strategically won the initiative, the cause of the party and the people will be promising." [10] Just as since the 18th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, in order to continue to follow up and implement the strategic goal of building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way, the Party Central Committee has profoundly grasped the reality of my country and proposed the "four comprehensive" strategic layout, with comprehensive deepening of reform as the driving force, comprehensive rule of law as the guarantee, and Strictly governing the party in an all-round way is the fundamental support and escort the building of a well-off society in all respects. This article believes that the re-understanding of the theoretical evolution of building a well-off society in an all-round way from the initial aspiration, confidence to determination, will help to build a well-off society in an all-round way to follow the laws of historical development, social changes, human practice and deepening of understanding in practice. On the basis of adhering to the conditions of the world, the country, and the party, we will always make strategic deployments in accordance with the essential requirements of current socialism and the requirements for the realization of human freedom and comprehensive development in the future, which is conducive to enhancing the public's understanding of the theory of socialism with Chinese characteristics and strengthening theoretical confidence .

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