

The Exploration and Development of the Modernization of Socialism with Chinese Characteristics

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Abstract

The course of China's modernization has experienced the process of transformation from westernization, Soviet Union, Chinese and internationalization, and gradually shows its advantages and characteristics from the difficult advance in the early stage to now. The process has experienced a shorter period than any country. The goal of realizing socialist modernization with Chinese characteristics is still a arduous mission of the new era. We should find the direction from the origin, find the gap from comparison, find change from problems, seek development from macro perspective and find power in the future.

Keywords

Chinese Characteristics; Modernization; Road Advantages.

1. Introduction

With the general promotion of the world modernization, the theoretical system of global modernization is becoming more and more abundant and developing. The focus of modernization has shifted from Western Europe to the United States, and then to the vast developing countries in the world. The traditional modernization theory is characterized by the obvious Westernization tendency, which imitates the advanced modernization mode of developed countries in Europe and America to realize the stage transformation from tradition to modern society. But in the late 20th century, the traditional modernization theory suffered from a series of events, the frequent outbreak of financial crisis in capitalist countries, the development path of the traditional old-fashioned European and American countries was questioned, and the Soviet model marked by the collapse of the Soviet Union also failed successively. The developing countries were seeking a new way in hesitation. A unique and world-renowned road has been taken into people's eyes. The road of socialist modernization with Chinese characteristics is different from the conditions and values pursued by the traditional capitalist developed countries. However, it has made great progress under the guidance of Marxist scientific theory and the leadership of the Communist Party of China, It will become an indispensable and key part of the global modernization system in the future.

2. Explore in Learning and Learning

Before the rise of China in the new era, the cognition of "modernization" was equal to "Westernization" which was the mainstream position. Because the important nodes of development in the development of modern history were dominated by western countries. It is not difficult to find the figure of western countries from the opening of new routes, the promotion of productivity development by industrial revolution, the process of globalization and the mainstream output of civilization. So the world's focus seems to have been in the west, and gradually formed the development thought of "Western centrism". Even the Westerners have formed their own self-confidence and conquest desire of the most superior national

system, the most prosperous culture and the most freedom. They constantly transmit their institutional culture to other countries, and will not allow other institutional civilization to challenge his authoritative position, nor allow them to take advantage of the rich interests.

Since modern times, China has been in a state of poverty and weakness because of its backward social system. The backward is bound to be beaten. The heavy blow has made China struggle to find the law of development and change, and to explore the way to modernization. Like many other countries, we should start from learning the western modernization mode. A group of Chinese scholars began to participate in the introduction of western modernization mode, and from the Westernization Movement, the introduction of advanced western technology and machinery and equipment, civil, military, industrial and academic schools have learned from the West. Because of one-sided learning of Japan's modernization model, it not only played a very small role in promoting national industry after the failure of the Westernization Movement and the 1911 Revolution, but also led to a series of sequelae of learning failure, and new problems such as warlords' mixed war and laissez fairism.

In the study of the west, many failures have been faced. Whether it is the study of the industrial model of Westernization Movement, the study of the reform and reform of the law, and the study of the 1911 Revolution, it has not helped China to embark on the road of modernization. After the founding of new China, we turned our study direction to the Soviet Union. In order to achieve the rapid development, the Soviet Union pursued a high level of unity, directive planned economy and single public ownership of means of production, and ignored the coordinated development of agriculture and handicraft industry. This highly centralized modernization mode brings about a short and rapid development, but the problems of development will become more and more prominent. This disadvantage also shows its hindrance in the process of Chinese modernization study of the Soviet Union. Since the collapse of the Soviet Union, the Soviet modernization model has failed, and China has begun to explore the modernization road of China's own characteristics and sustainable development.

After a long time of exploration and trial and error, we have developed many problems and learned a lot of experience. Under the leadership of the Communist Party of China, we have not been knocked down by failures again and again. We stand up again and again, sum up experience, seek truth from facts, and finally choose the right direction and way of progress. From the perspective of reform and opening up, we can see that only by opening up can we meet the historical opportunity of the world market, which is the inevitable choice for development. The party will shift its focus to economic construction and build a well-off society with the goal of improving people's livelihood and well-being. When the long-term strategic goal of "three steps" was put forward, China began to have a clear understanding of the issue of modernization, seeking development, long-term prosperity and strength in a stable and orderly way. Then to the "new three steps", "building a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way", "two centenary goals" and "two steps", and then to the long-term goals to be achieved in the year of 2035 proposed in the outline of the 14th five year plan, China has explored the understanding of what is modernization and what is China's modernization road through practice, and finally has come out with a road with Chinese characteristics, condensing the broad development forces, and building a harmonious society China's modernization model with strong vitality.

3. Highlighting Characteristics in Imitation and Transcendence

The success of China's modernization model is not to copy the successful model of other countries, nor to completely "make a new start", but to find the direction of development and the way of learning in the blood and tears of failure. In learning to imitate the models of other countries, they are no longer inclined to learn only one model and learn from others; However,

imitation is not a direct copying, but a selective, hierarchical and selective learning; And the characteristic mode of innovation and development is not made up out of thin air. It is a practical theory combining the foundation of our national tradition and Marxist scientific truth. The mode of China's modernization presents the following characteristics:

3.1. Guidance of Scientific Theory

Different from the value theory of western capitalism, socialist countries stand on the position of the working class and represent the interests of the overwhelming majority of the people, while the failure of the Soviet model is due to the one-sided interpretation of Marxism. Our party has insisted on arming the whole party with Marxist scientific theory since its establishment, adhering to the mass line and testing the truth of knowledge in practice, Be brave in self revolution, and keep our purity and advanced nature. Under the guidance of leaders such as Mao Zedong and Deng Xiaoping, after the socialist transformation was basically completed, we laid a solid foundation for material and labor for the modernization. To the important thought of Three Represents, the socialism with Chinese characteristics in Scientific Outlook on Development and Xi Jinping, China gradually explored modernization in the stage of socialism. Realize common prosperity and the lofty ideal of communism at an early date. Under the guidance of Marxist theory, there are also scientific stage goals, which provide reliable ideological guidance for every period of China's modernization.

3.2. Adhering to the Core Leadership of the Communist Party of China

The road of modernization construction is complex, diverse and full of difficulties. History and the people have jointly chosen the Communist Party of China as the leading core of China's modernization and national rejuvenation, thus determining the road of socialist modernization and establishing that we have the advantage of excellent leadership on this road. From the very beginning of its establishment, the Communist Party of China has adhered to the guidance of Marxism, established the purpose of serving the people, adhered to the original mission of rejuvenating the nation and happiness for the people, and has the fine qualities of daring to criticize and self-criticism and self revolution. The party has the courage to shoulder the arduous mission given by the times, the nation and the people, arm the mind with scientific theories, constantly improve the construction of ruling ability, innovate the way of leadership, adhere to the principle of democratic centralism, ensure the party's leading core position in various national undertakings, and coordinate all levels of society, all democratic parties and all groups to join in the practice of the modernization of the motherland. We should constantly enrich and innovate the theory of socialist modernization, formulate long-term grand goals, and lead the whole country to participate in the cause of modernization. In the face of major risks and challenges, the party has always stood in the front line of solving problems and defending the nation, and has always been the support of our spirit, nation and career.

3.3. The Foundation of Chinese Excellent Traditional Culture

With 5000 years of cultural foundation, the Chinese nation has always been in the forefront of the development of world civilization. Although it has lagged slightly in the development of modern times, the great national spirit accumulated for a long time will not disappear. It will gather in all aspects of our modernization construction in the new era, so as to realize the Chinese dream of national rejuvenation by completing the construction of a modern country. The Chinese nation has always been a hardworking, courageous, self-improvement and creative nation. It will never be defeated by any difficulties, nor will it be controlled or lagged behind others in any way. To realize the modernization of the country, not only the economic prosperity and technological development, but also the social system, spiritual civilization, legal construction and so on. In the face of other well-developed western civilization, our excellent civilization will not be eclipsed. All modern technology theories need to be rooted in the

excellent tradition to obtain rich nourishment, to explore the road of modernization development with Chinese characteristics, unique advantages and value.

3.4. Based on the People Centered Development Position

In the process of modernization construction, we have always had a clear goal, aiming at constantly ensuring and improving people's livelihood, ultimately achieving common prosperity, and seeking development, happiness and long-term development for the broad masses of people. Taking the interests of the people as the central goal of development, and at the same time gathering the common strength of the broadest masses of the people, we should devote ourselves to the socialist modernization drive and gather the broadest strength to do great things. The modernization construction is not to make the city rich, nor to make some people rich, nor is it the unilateral development of economy and industry. The modernization of the country is the macro development situation of coordinated development of urban and rural areas, shared development achievements by all the people, and coordinated progress of the whole industry. Since the founding of new China, we have been committed to improving people's livelihood, building a well-off society in an all-round way, narrowing the income gap, coordinated development between urban and rural areas, agricultural and rural modernization and other important measures, all of which put people's interests at the center of development. Only when we work for the people wholeheartedly can we get the support of the people, gather the wisdom of the masses, give full play to the enthusiasm, initiative and creativity of the people, and make the people move forward in a common direction, so that they can truly become the masters of the country, the builders and beneficiaries of a modern country, and the achievements are created by the people and shared by the people.

4. Several Important Problems to be Solved in China's Modernization

4.1. Harmonious Coexistence between Man and Nature

With the development of urbanization, industrialization and modernization, many environmental problems have been brought about. In recent years, people deeply feel the direct feedback of nature on the rapid development. The increase of extreme climate, the decrease of species, the impact of haze weather, urban heat island effect and other problems are increasingly exposed. It is undeniable that with the rapid development of China in recent decades, there is over exploitation of nature. Large scale construction of industrial equipment and urban buildings has hindered the natural circulation system, followed by various environmental problems, climate problems and so on. Drawing lessons from the modernization process of western countries, some countries have already appeared the phenomenon of counter urbanization. They even accuse our country of the damage to nature caused by development. However, the environmental problems we are facing now are not due to the drawbacks of China's modernization model. Western countries also have such problems in the process of just building modernization. London in the fog is a typical example, Therefore, the modernization of western countries has developed to a higher level. In recent years, China has paid more and more attention to the issue of sustainable development. From the "scientific outlook on development" to the important conclusion that "green water and green mountains are golden mountains and silver mountains", coordinated development and green development have become an important value goal of modernization construction, aiming at meeting the people's demand for a better life. However, this is a long-term practice process, which may be longer than the process of realizing modernization, because nature is more fragile than imagined, and some minor injuries may be irreversible. Therefore, we should start from the source, focus on protection, supplement with restoration, and make green development, circular utilization and sustainable development. The construction of ecological civilization is

an important part of the realization of modernization, but its important strategic position needs to be highlighted.

4.2. Stable, Sustainable and Healthy Development

In the past decades, China's rapid development has attracted the world's attention. The total GDP development volume of each year has made countries marvel at our development speed. This year, with the influence of counter globalization, trade protectionism and COVID-19, the development of the global economy has been damaged to some extent. Some developed countries have even seen the stagnation of economic development. China is in such a period of strategic opportunity. It is a key issue for us to continue to develop continuously and reduce the negative impact of the international environment. Although China has maintained rapid economic development in recent years, it is not a virtual digital economic growth. We have the most sound and powerful industrial system in the world. Manufacturing is the foundation and the cornerstone of all economic development. We need to keep such development advantages all the time, which is also the key to our advantage in the process of international competition and globalization. As advocated in the Fifth Plenary Session of the 19th Central Committee, China's development needs to rely on "domestic and international domestic double cycles", and the domestic market has unlimited potential. China can achieve more stable development by itself. Therefore, China's economic development needs confidence. Looking back on the tortuous and bumpy process of our development, we have not solved the problem of our own development. No matter what threats and challenges the outside world faces, if we choose scientific development policy under the leadership of the Party firmly, we will not lose our direction or stop in the development. Therefore, China's first solution is its own problem. The masses should have confidence in China's modernization construction, actively cooperate with the implementation of macro policies and devote themselves to the great cause of construction. The superior market economy system and complete industrial structure are the solid foundation for our development. China is still in the period of strategic opportunity. The modernization process will make rapid development in the next few years. This is an opportunity to be firmly grasped.

4.3. Speed up the Development of Science and Technology and Help Modernization

In the process of modernization, it is not difficult to develop science and technology, which plays an important role. Only the development of science and technology can innovate and develop technology to increase economic development, develop new green energy to help sustainable development, and solve all kinds of obstacles faced by development. Science and technology is accelerator, lubricant and paver. In the modernization construction, the modernization of education is closely linked with the modernization of science and technology. Because the development of science and technology cannot be separated from talents, only a sound education system can train the continuous talents to help the progress of science and technology. Therefore, the emphasis is on the modernization of education. Although we have the education examination system such as fair and fair college entrance examination, we can select talents, but there are still serious problems of unequal distribution of educational superiority resources. College entrance examination is no longer a turning point for the cold door to change destiny. The superiority of family and geographical position will bring about the emphasis on educational resources, However, people in poor areas can not change their fate with knowledge. The development of the region is lagging behind, and the problem of regional development disharmony is becoming more and more serious. On the other hand, the disadvantages of exam oriented education are the problems we have always paid attention to. The talents cultivated by education still stay in the knowledge talents of popularization. Exam oriented education is not conducive to the creative development of students. Knowledge

innovation is an indispensable part of the modern development, which is also a short board problem in China's international competition. The Chinese nation has a rich population and a good tradition of innovation. To find the problems of development, we should solve it in time. Although this is a relatively difficult task, we will see the great advantages brought by the bold change.

4.4. National Modernization and Internationalization

China is showing the world stage step by step. Although the modernization mode of China is different from other countries in the past, it has achieved the achievements of countries in the past decades or even hundreds of years with the fastest speed. All these show the unique advantages of China's modernization. On the basis of doing well in China, we must also contribute to the peace and development of the world. As general secretary Xi Jinping said, the world has become the fate community of sharing weal and woe. China, which is approaching the world stage, will play a leading role in China and contribute to China's wisdom and China's plan. Of course, China refuses any country's civilization assimilation, and will not force other countries to export system civilization or modernization model. China's modernization model has the fundamental characteristics of the socialist system, which may not be suitable for each country's national conditions, but the successful experience can be exchanged, and we are willing to contribute technical, financial and humanitarian support. In the process of building a modern socialist country with Chinese characteristics, China will always stick to its own path. It will not stop and doubt itself because of the malicious slander of other countries. It will not close itself to more and more complex and fierce challenges and threats. It has always been determined to take the road of peaceful development and safeguard its own development interests, To contribute to world peace and development, to show the unique charm and world influence of the road of socialist modernization with Chinese characteristics, to promote the construction of a community of shared future for mankind, to forge ahead in this great change not seen in a century, and not to forget the highest ideal of communism to liberate all mankind.

5. Conclusion

Today's world is facing a great change that has not happened in a century. The great change in the world and the overall situation in China blend and link up with each other. This is really a period of strategic opportunities for the Chinese nation to realize the great national rejuvenation. Opportunities and challenges coexist. Under the guidance of Marxist theory and practical experience, we should maintain our strategic determination, do our own business well, accurately understand and grasp the law of development, accurately recognize changes, scientifically respond to changes, and take the initiative to seek changes. We should be good at cultivating opportunities in crisis, opening up new situations in the situation of changes, and realizing the transformation from big to strong in the situation of great changes. The Communist Party of China will lead the broad masses of the people, unite as one, gather great strength, and finally realize the great ideal.

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